

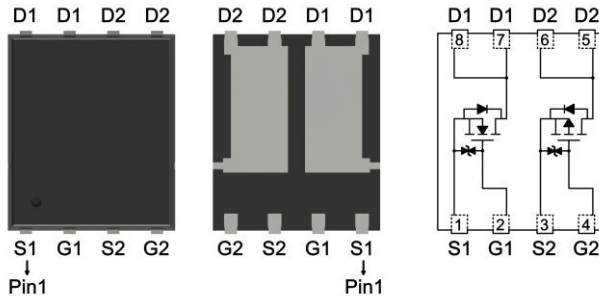
Product Summary

	N-CH	P-CH	
BV_{DSS}	100	-100	V
$R_{DS(ON)}$ typ. @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V$	38	90	mΩ
I_D @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V, T_C=25^\circ C$	15	-13	A
I_D @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V, T_A=25^\circ C$	4.6	-3.2	

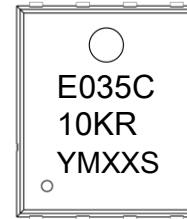
Features

- Low Gate Charge
- Fast Switching Characteristic
- Pb-free lead plating and halogen-free
- ESD protected gate

DFN5×6



Marking



← Device Code

← Date Code, Assembly site code

YM: Date Code Marking

Y: Year Code, the last digit of Christian year

M: Month Code

A: Jan	B: Feb	C: Mar	D: Apr	E: May	F: Jun
G: Jul	H: Aug	J: Sep	K: Oct	L: Nov	M: Dec

XX: Production Serial Number, 01~99

S: Assembly site code, Site 1: A, Site 2: G

Ordering Information

Device	Package	Shipping
MTE035C10KRH8-0-T6-G	DFN5×6	3000pcs / Tape & Reel

0: Product rank, zero for no rank products.

T6: Packing spec, T6 : 3000pcs / tape & reel, 13" reel

G: Environment friendly grade: S for RoHS compliant products, G for RoHS compliant and green compound products.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A=25^\circ C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		N-CH	P-CH	
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100	-100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	±20	±20	
Continuous Drain Current @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V, T_C=25^\circ C$	I_D	15	-13	A
Continuous Drain Current @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V, T_C=100^\circ C$		9.5	-8.2	
Continuous Drain Current @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V, T_A=25^\circ C$		4.6	-3.2	
Continuous Drain Current @ $V_{GS}=(-)10V, T_A=70^\circ C$		3.7	-2.6	
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	45	-45	
Continuous Body Diode Forward Current @ $T_C=25^\circ C$	I_S	15	-13	
Pulsed Body Diode Forward Current @ $T_C=25^\circ C$	I_{SM}	45	-45	
Avalanche Current @ $L=0.1mH$	I_{AS}	3	-21	mJ
Avalanche Energy @ $L=0.5mH$	E_{AS}	3	36	
Total Power Dissipation	P_D	$T_C=25^\circ C$	25	W
		$T_C=100^\circ C$	10	
		$T_A=25^\circ C$	2.2	
		$T_A=70^\circ C$	1.4	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-55~+150		°C
Steady State Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JC}$	5	3	°C/W
Steady State Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	56	52	



N-Channel Electrical Characteristics (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Static					
BV _{DSS}	100	-	-	V	V _{GS} =0V, I _D =250μA
V _{GS(th)}	2	-	4		V _{DS} =V _{GS} , I _D =250μA
G _{FS}	-	3	-	S	V _{DS} =10V, I _D =2A
I _{GSS}	-	-	±10	μA	V _{GS} =±16V, V _{DS} =0V
I _{DSS}	-	-	1		V _{DS} =80V, V _{GS} =0V
R _{DS(ON)}	-	38	50	mΩ	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =2A
Dynamic					
C _{iss}	-	418	-	pF	V _{DS} =50V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz
C _{oss}	-	104	-		
C _{rss}	-	22	-		
R _g	-	6	-	Ω	f=1MHz
Q _g *d,e	-	7	-	nC	V _{DS} =50V, I _D =2A, V _{GS} =10V
Q _{gs} *d,e	-	2.1	-		
Q _{gd} *d,e	-	1.4	-		
t _{d(ON)} *d,e	-	8.3	-	ns	V _{DS} =50V, I _D =2A, V _{GS} =10V, R _{GS} =1Ω
tr *d,e	-	16	-		
t _{d(OFF)} *d,e	-	17	-		
t _f *d,e	-	8.2	-		
Source-Drain Diode					
V _{SD} *d	-	0.8	1.2	V	I _S =2A, V _{GS} =0V
t _{rr}	-	22	-	ns	I _F =2A, di/dt=100A/μs
Q _{rr}	-	17	-	nC	

Note:

- *a. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_{J(MAX)}=150°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper Dissipation.
- *b. The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25°C. The power dissipation P_D is based on R_{θJA} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. The value in any given application depends
- *c. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T_{J(MAX)}=150°C. Ratings are based on low frequency and low duty cycles to
- *d. Pulse Test : Pulse Width≤300μs, Duty Cycle≤2%.
- *e. Independent of operating temperature.

P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

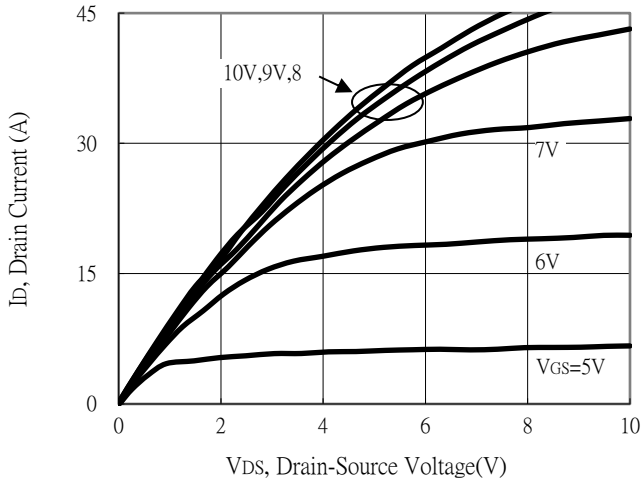
Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Static					
BV_{DSS}	-100	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$
$V_{GS(th)}$	-2	-	-4		$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu A$
G_{FS}	-	5.4	-	S	$V_{DS}=-10V, I_D=-2A$
I_{GSS}	-	-	± 10	μA	$V_{GS}=\pm 16V, V_{DS}=0V$
I_{DSS}	-	-	-1		$V_{DS}=-80V, V_{GS}=0V$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	90	120	m Ω	$V_{GS}=-10V, I_D=-2A$
Dynamic					
C_{iss}	-	1000	-	pF	$V_{DS}=-50V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$
C_{oss}	-	113	-		
C_{rss}	-	49	-		
R_g	-	12	-	Ω	f=1MHz
Q_g *d,e	-	16	-	nC	$V_{DS}=-50V, I_D=-2A, V_{GS}=-10V$
Q_{gs} *d,e	-	4.5	-		
Q_{gd} *d,e	-	3.5	-		
$t_{d(ON)}$ *d,e	-	12	-	ns	$V_{DS}=-50V, I_D=-2A, V_{GS}=-10V, R_{GS}=1\Omega$
tr *d,e	-	19	-		
$t_{d(OFF)}$ *d,e	-	41	-		
t_f *d,e	-	29	-		
Source-Drain Diode					
V_{SD} *d	-	-0.76	-1.2	V	$I_S=-2A, V_{GS}=0V$
t_{rr}	-	24	-	ns	$I_F=-2A, di/dt=100A/\mu s$
Q_{rr}	-	28	-	nC	

Note:

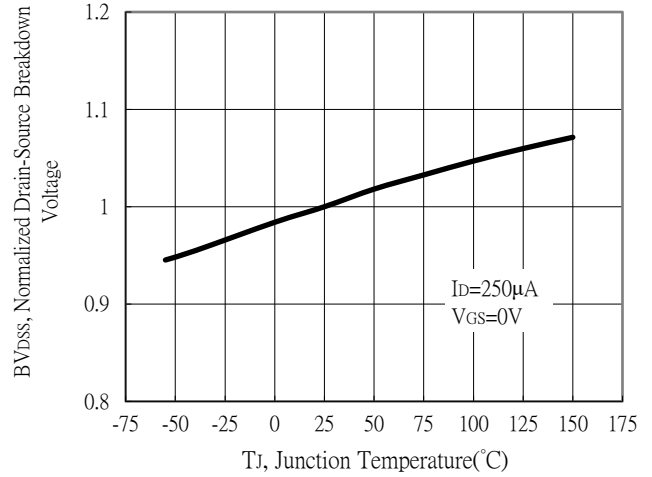
- *a. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper Dissipation.
- *b. The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The power dissipation P_D is based on $R_{\theta JA}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends
- *c. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and low duty cycles to
- *d. Pulse Test : Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- *e. Independent of operating temperature.

N-Channel Typical Characteristics

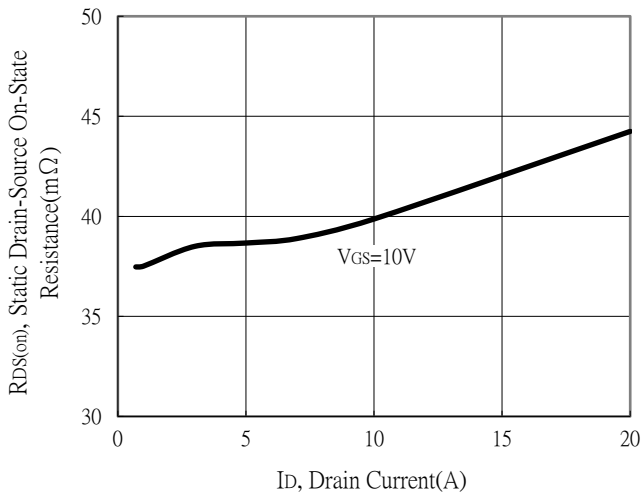
Typical Output Characteristics



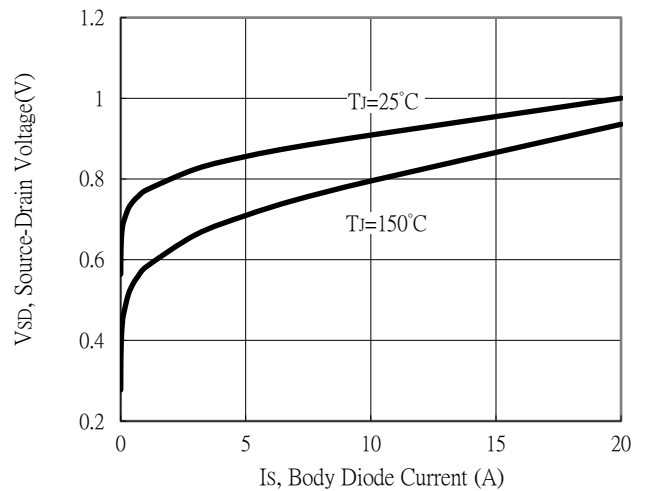
Breakdown Voltage vs Ambient Temperature



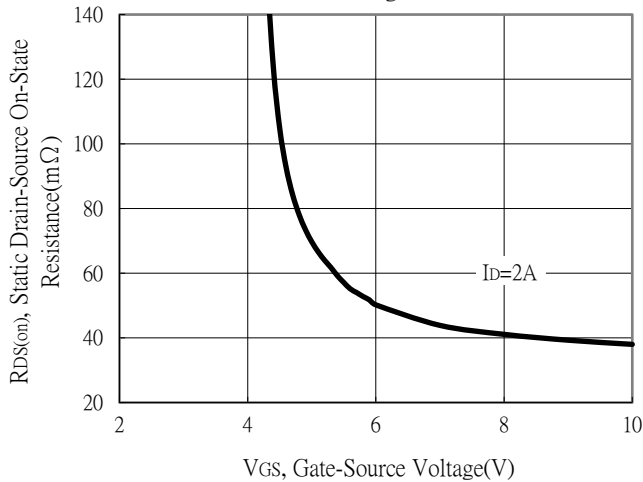
Static Drain-Source On-State resistance vs Drain Current



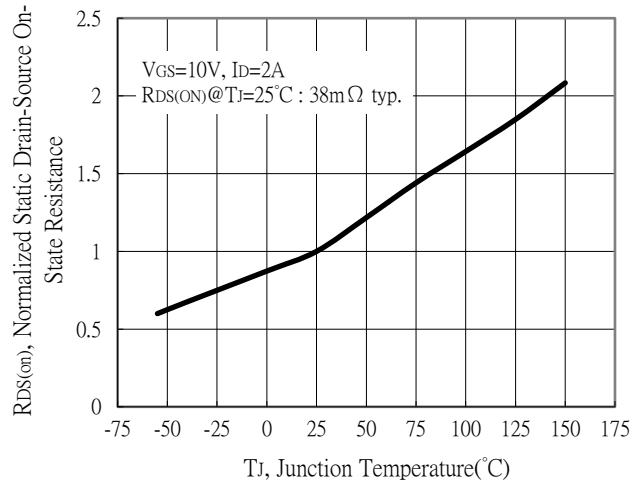
Body Diode Current vs Source-Drain Voltage



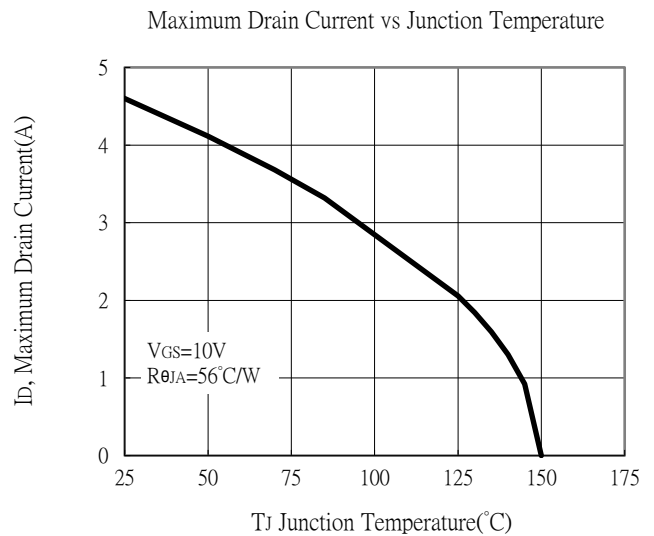
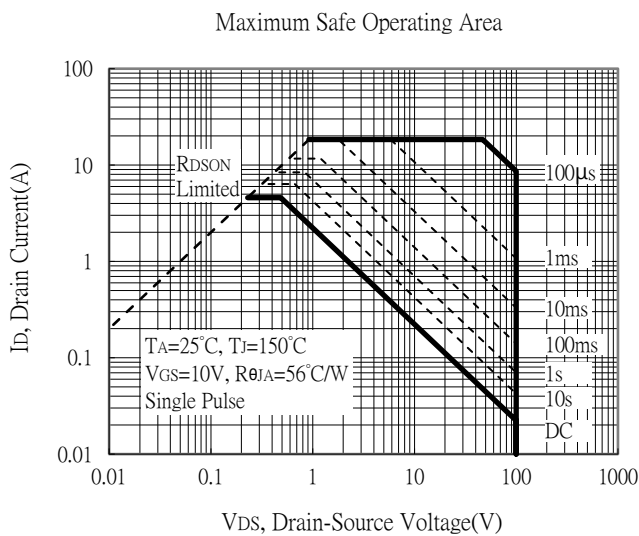
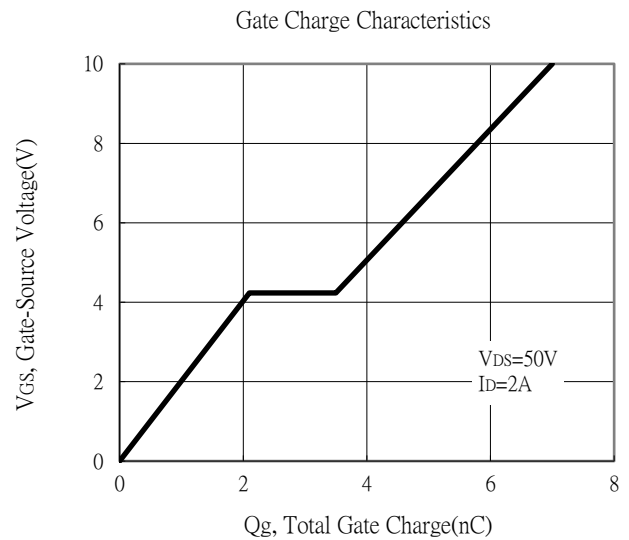
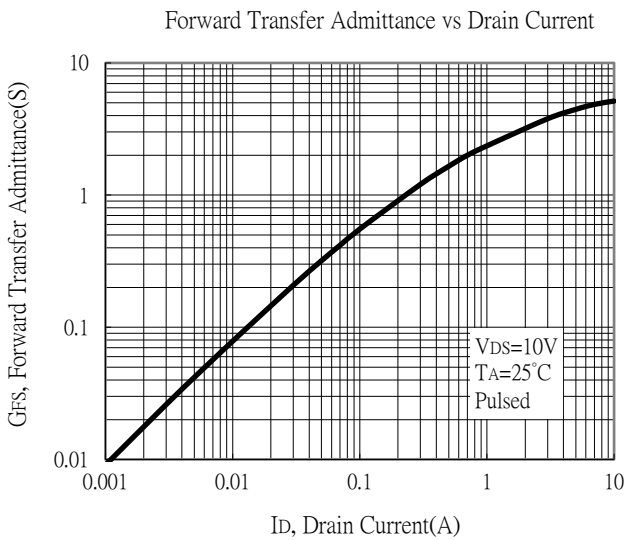
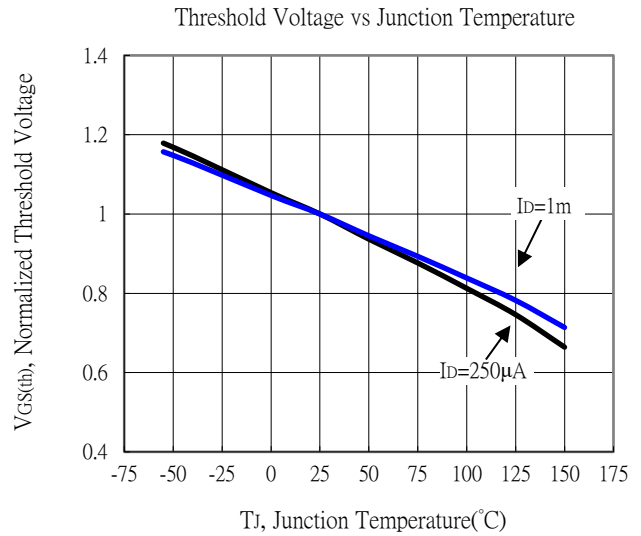
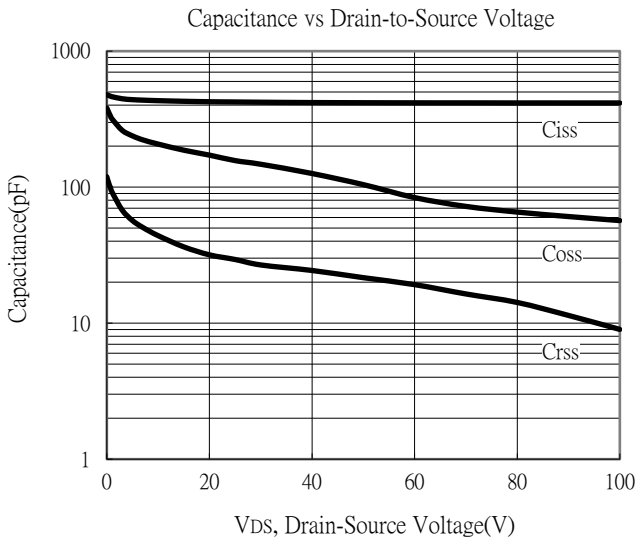
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance vs Gate-Source Voltage



Drain-Source On-State Resistance vs Junction Temperature

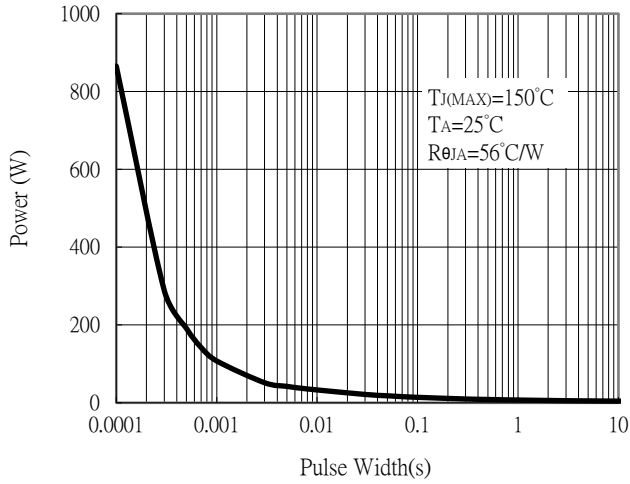


N-Channel Typical Characteristics

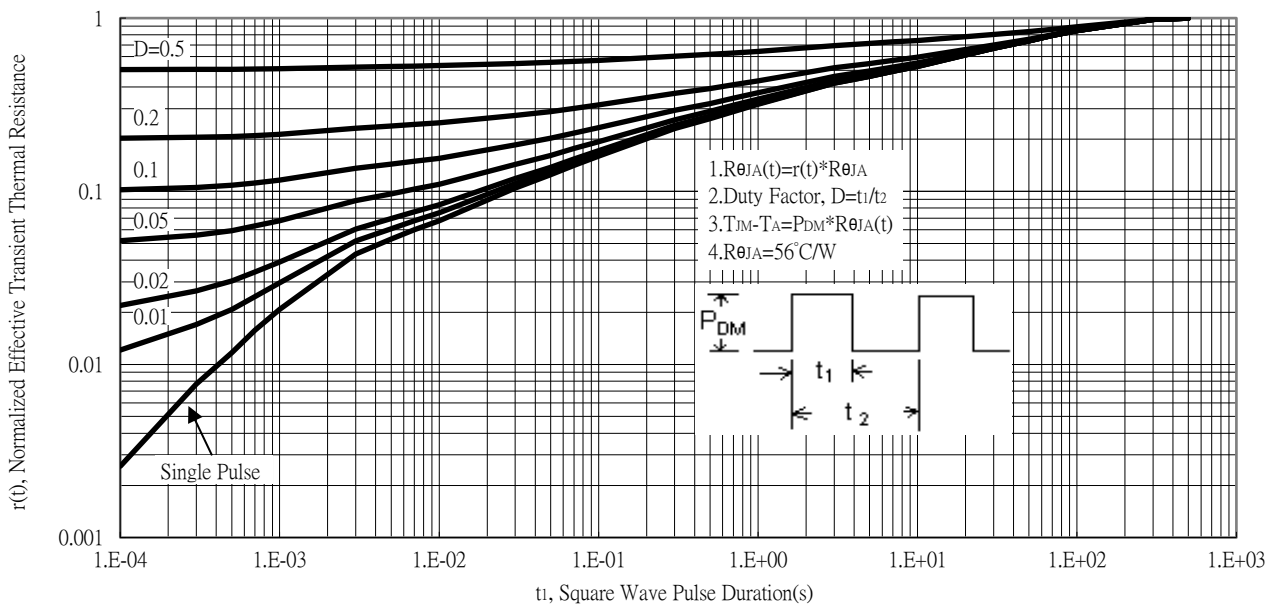


N-Channel Typical Characteristics

Single Pulse Power Rating, Junction to Ambient

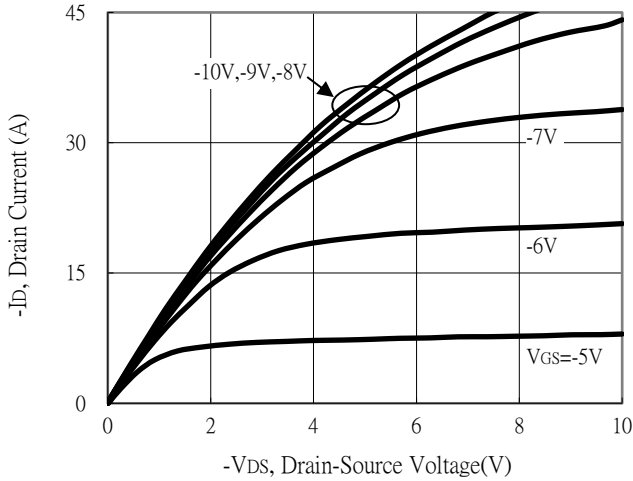


Transient Thermal Response Curves

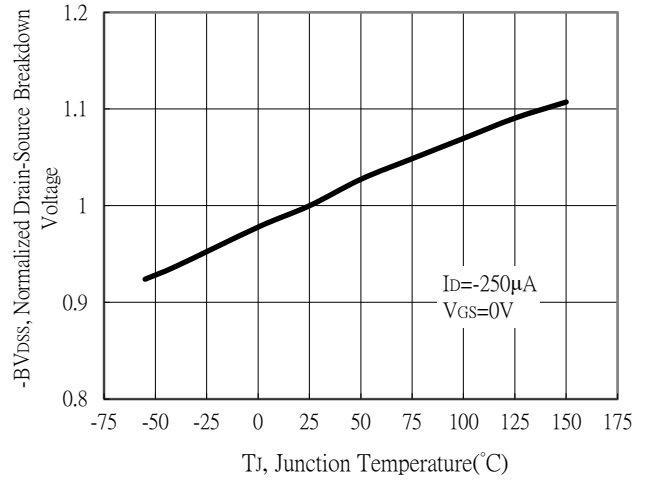


P-Channel Typical Characteristics

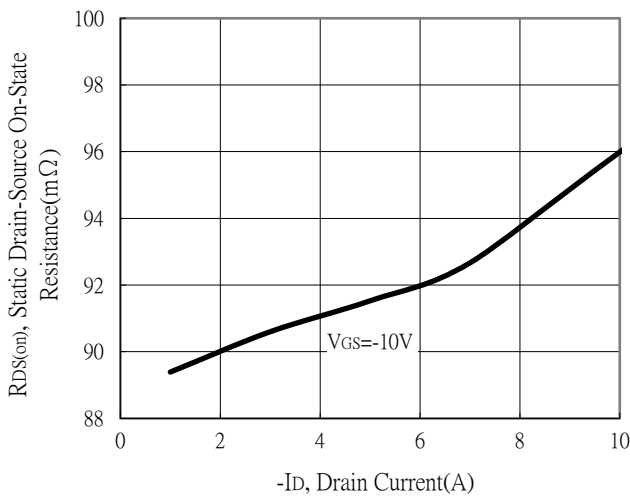
Typical Output Characteristics



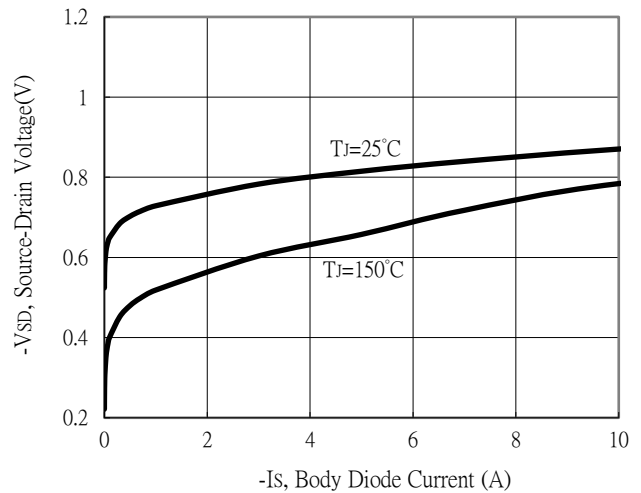
Breakdown Voltage vs Ambient Temperature



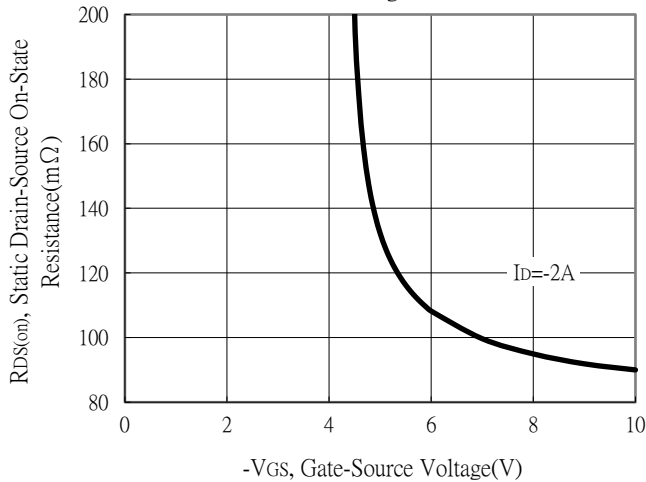
Static Drain-Source On-State resistance vs Drain Current



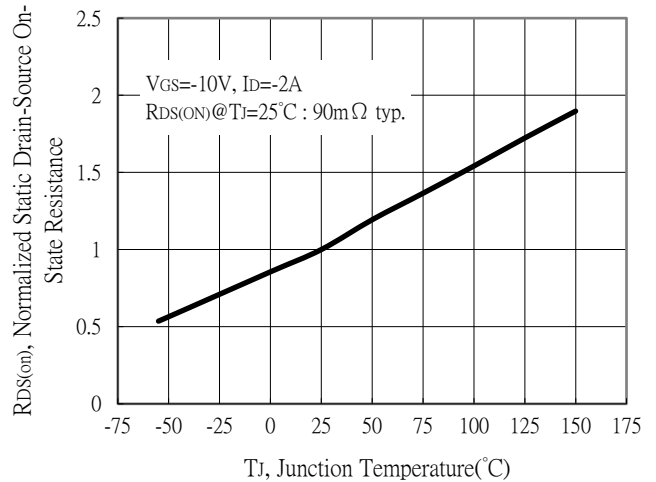
Body Diode Current vs Source-Drain Voltage



Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance vs Gate-Source Voltage

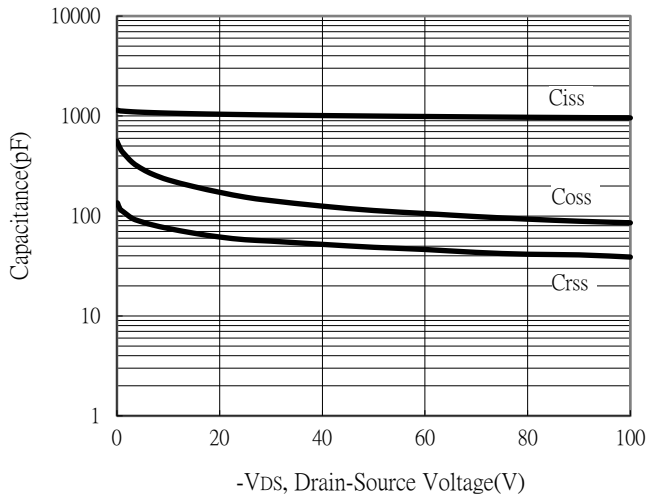


Drain-Source On-State Resistance vs Junction Temperature

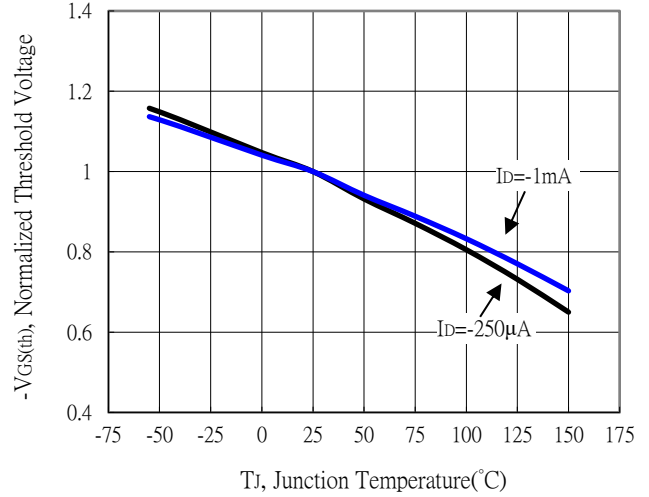


P-Channel Typical Characteristics

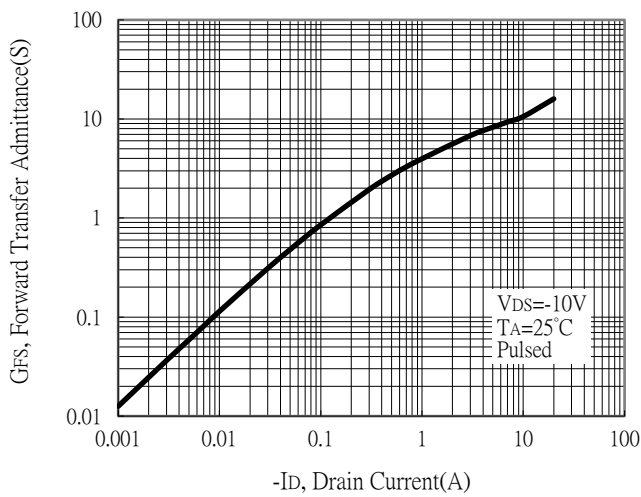
Capacitance vs Drain-to-Source Voltage



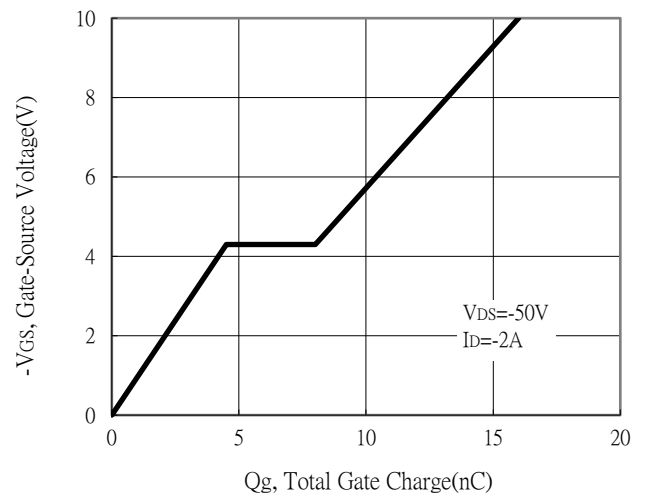
Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature



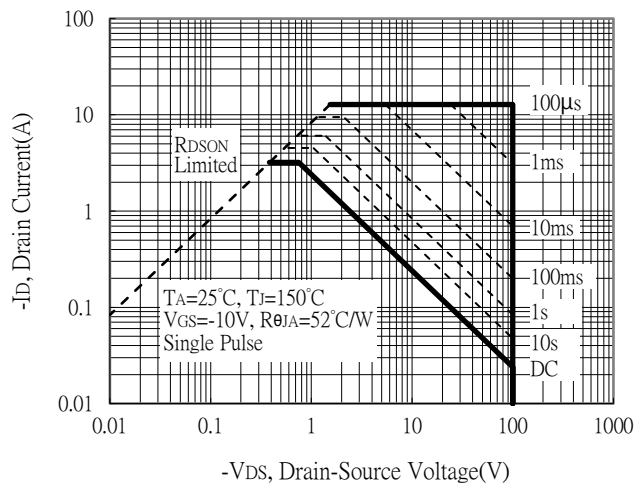
Forward Transfer Admittance vs Drain Current



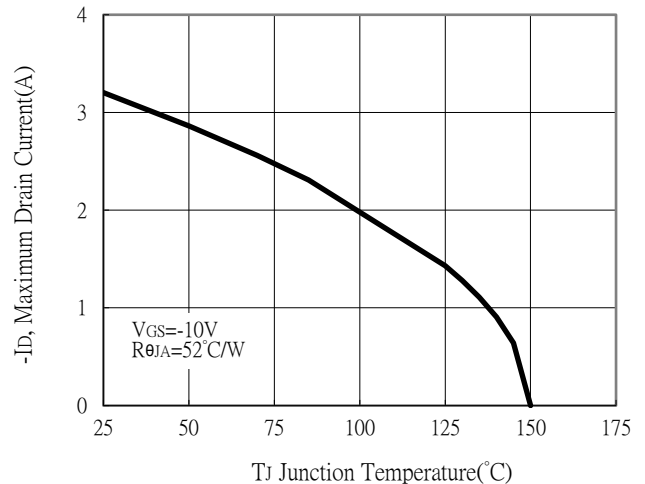
Gate Charge Characteristics



Maximum Safe Operating Area

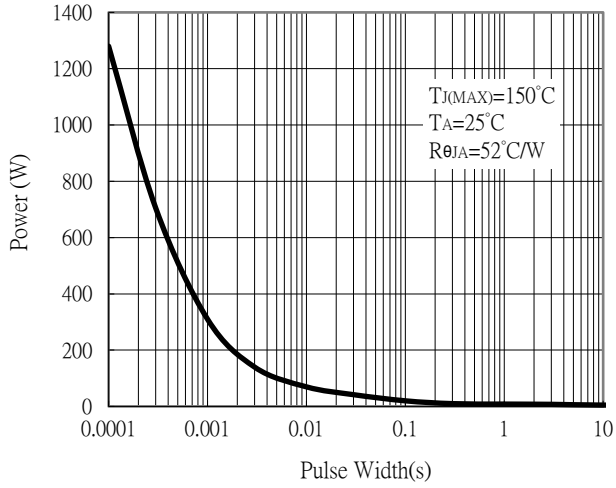


Maximum Drain Current vs Junction Temperature

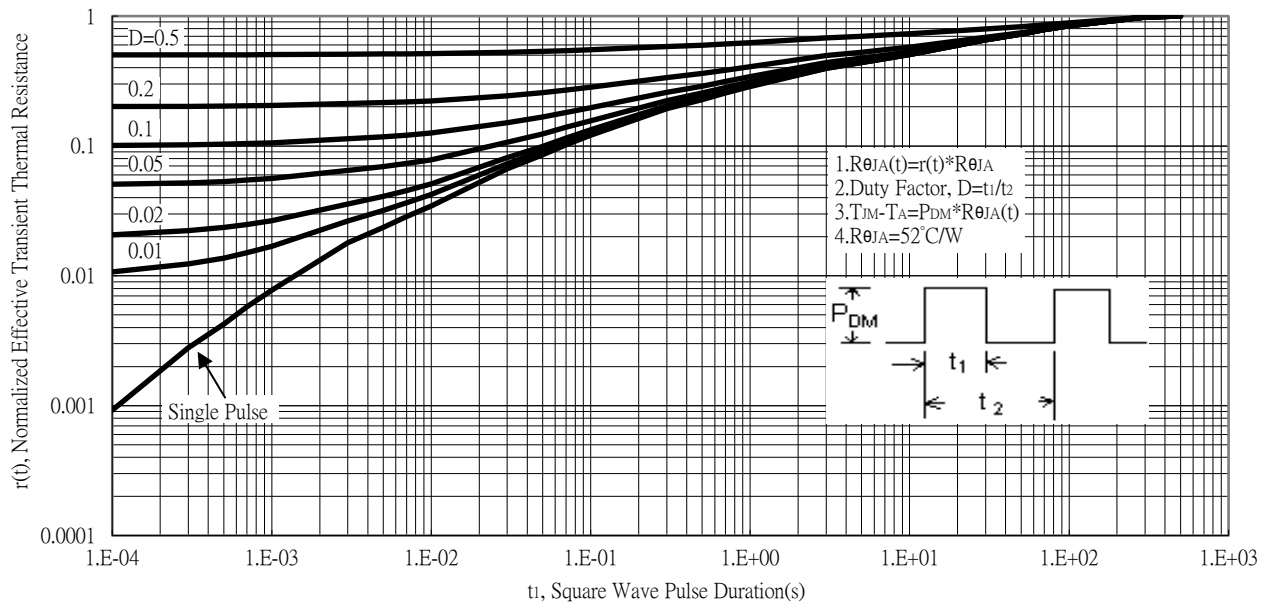


P-Channel Typical Characteristics

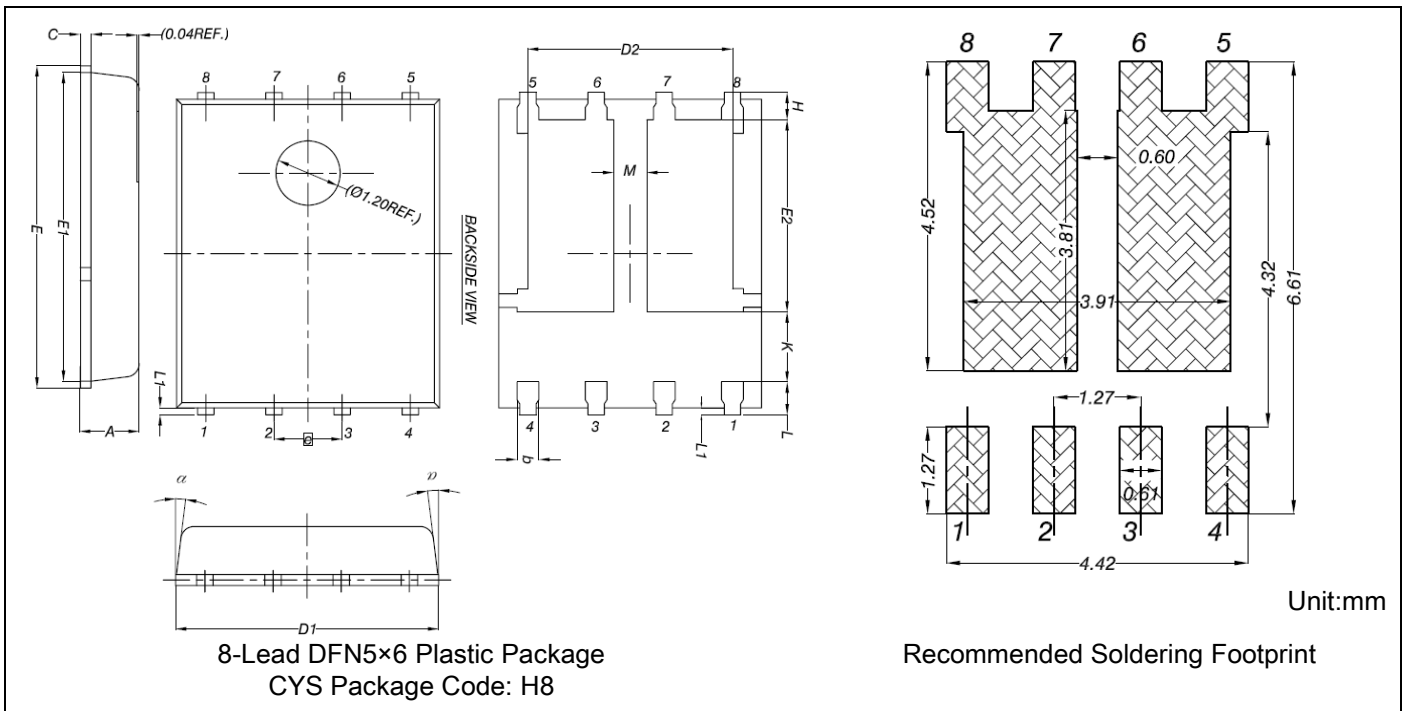
Single Pulse Power Rating, Junction to Ambient



Transient Thermal Response Curves



DFN5×6 Dimension



DIM	Millimeters		Inches		DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	0.90	1.10	0.035	0.043	e	1.27	BSC	0.05	BSC
b	0.33	0.51	0.012	0.020	H	0.41	0.61	0.016	0.024
C	0.20	0.30	0.007	0.011	K	1.10	-	0.043	-
D1	4.80	5.00	0.188	0.196	L	0.51	0.71	0.020	0.027
D2	3.61	3.96	0.142	0.155	L1	0.06	0.20	0.002	0.007
E	5.90	6.10	0.232	0.240	M	0.50	-	0.019	-
E1	5.70	5.80	0.224	0.228	α	0°	12°	0°	12°
E2	3.38	3.78	0.133	0.148					

Note:

- Controlling dimension: millimeters.
- Maximum lead thickness includes lead finish thickness, and minimum lead thickness is the minimum thickness of base material.
- If there is any question with packing specification or packing method, please contact your local CYStek sales office.

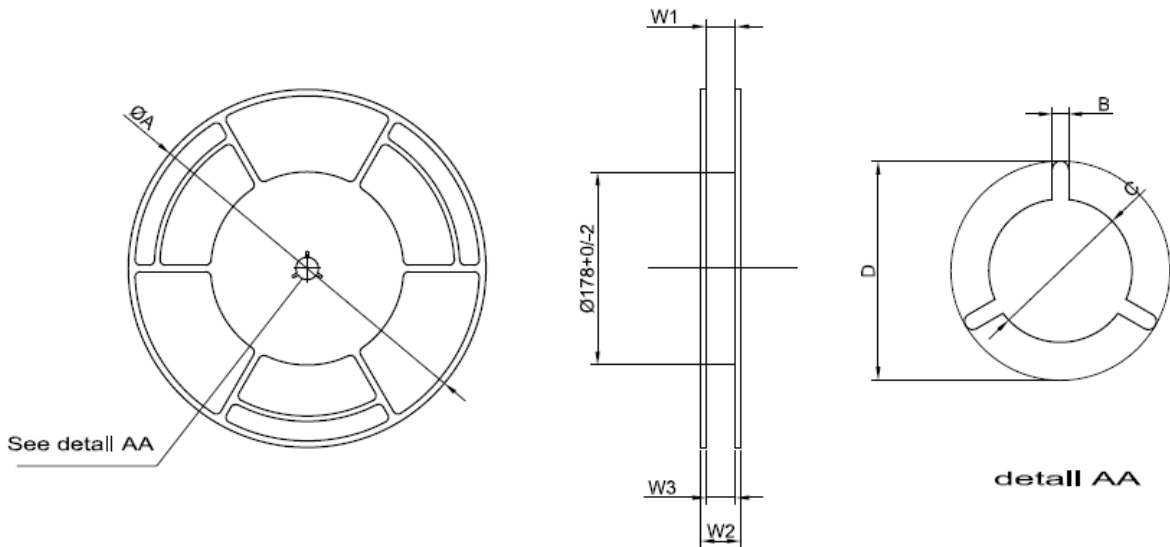
Material:

- Lead: pure tin plated.
- Mold Compound: Epoxy resin family, flammability solid burning class: UL94V-0.

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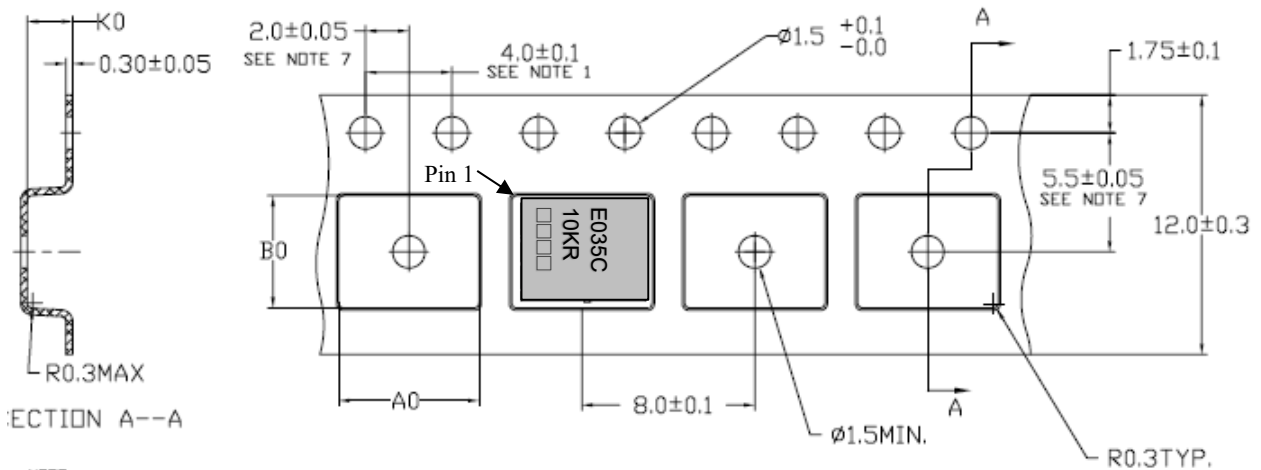
Reel Dimension



TAPE SIZE	A	B	C	D	W1	W2	W3
12mm	330±2.0	2.9±0.5	13.0+0.5/-0	23±1.0	12.4 +2/-0	18.4±0.5	12~15

Unit:mm

Carrier Tape Dimension



NOTE:

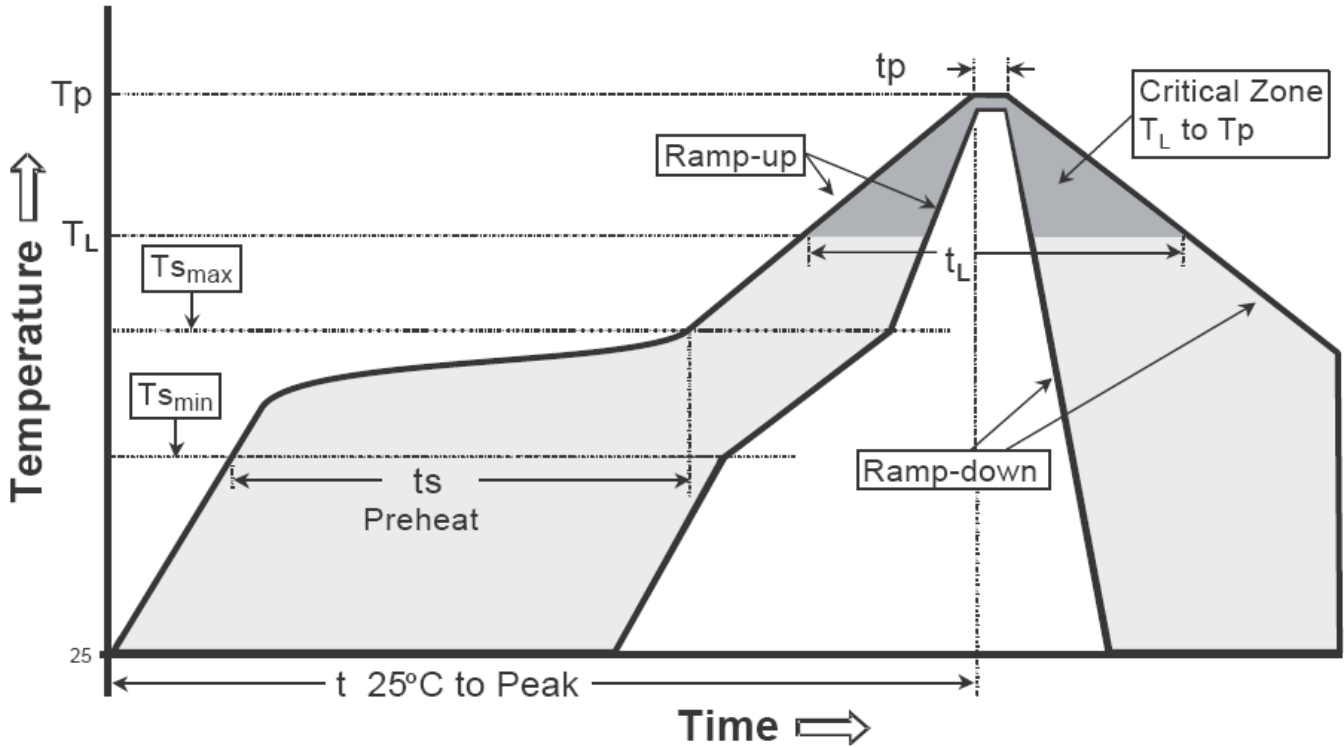
1. 10 SPROCKET HOLE PITCH CUMULATIVE TOLERANCE ±0.2
2. CAMBER NOT TO EXCEED 1mm IN 100mm, NONCUMULATIVE OVER 250mm.
3. MATERIAL: BLACK STATIC DISSIPATIVE PS.(POLYSTYRENE)
4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)
5. A0 AND B0 MEASURED ON A PLANE 0.3mm ABOVE THE BOTTOM OF THE POCKET
6. K0 MEASURED FROM A PLANE ON THE INSIDE BOTTOM OF THE POCKET TO THE TOP SURFACE OF THE CARRIER
7. POCKET POSITION RELATIVE TO SPROCKET HOLE MEASURED AS TRUE POSITION OF POCKET, NOT POCKET HOLE
8. SURFACE RESISTIVITY
1X10E4~1X10E11 OHMS/SQ.

A0=6.5±0.1
B0=5.3±0.1
K0=1.4±0.1

Recommended wave soldering condition

Product	Peak Temperature	Soldering Time
Pb-free devices	260 +0/-5 °C	5 +1/-1 seconds

Recommended temperature profile for IR reflow



Profile feature	Sn-Pb eutectic Assembly	Pb-free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate (Ts max to Tp)	3°C/second max.	3°C/second max.
Preheat -Temperature Min (Ts min) -Temperature Max (Ts max) -Time (ts min to ts max)	100°C 150°C 60-120 seconds	150°C 200°C 60-180 seconds
Time maintained above: -Temperature (Tl) -Time (tL)	183°C 60-150 seconds	217°C 60-150 seconds
Peak Temperature (Tp)	240 +0/-5 °C	260 +0/-5 °C
Time within 5°C of actual peak temperature (tp)	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Ramp down rate	6°C/second max.	6°C/second max.
Time 25 °C to peak temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.

Note:

- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.